



Know Your Antifungals: Azoles

Azoles are one of the four currently available antifungal drug classes.¹ The azole antifungal agents include fluconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole, posaconazole, and isavuconazole. When using azole antifungals, considerations should be made for drug-drug interactions, [absorption/kinetics](#), and adverse effects such as hepatotoxicity and [QTc prolongation](#).² Even though they are all in the same drug class, they have varying spectrums of activity. When it comes to the azole antifungals, how do their spectrums of activity differ?

Table 1. Summary of Azole Antifungal Spectrum of Activity²⁻¹⁰

| | Fluconazole | Itraconazole | Voriconazole | Posaconazole | Isavuconazole |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| <i>Candida albicans</i> | + | + | + | + | + |
| <i>Candida tropicalis</i> | + | + | + | + | + |
| <i>Candida parapsilosis</i> | + | + | + | + | + |
| <i>Nakaseomyces glabrata</i> (<i>Candida glabrata</i>) | +/- (dose-dependent) | +/- | +/- | +/- | +/- |
| <i>Pichia kudriavzevii</i> (<i>Candida krusei</i>) | - | +/- | +/-* | +/- | +/- |
| <i>Candida auris</i> | - | +/- | +/- | +/- | +/- |
| <i>Cryptococcus neoformans</i> | +** | + | + | + | + |
| <i>Histoplasma</i> spp. | +/- | +** | + | + | + |
| <i>Blastomyces</i> spp. | +/- | +** | + | + | + |
| <i>Coccidioides</i> spp. | + | + | + | + | + |
| <i>Aspergillus</i> spp. | - | + | +* | + | + |
| Mucorales | - | - | - | + | + |

+ Should provide adequate coverage; +/- Has activity, but [elevated MICs](#) are not uncommon; - Does not have activity

* Preferred therapy if susceptible; ** Preferred step down therapy after induction, if indicated

Key Takeaway: Azole antifungals differ in their spectrum of activity and preferred place in therapy for various fungal infections. Azoles CANNOT all be used interchangeably.

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